Obesity Research & Clinical Practice SUMMARY REPORT 20th. AOASO Council meeting & AGM

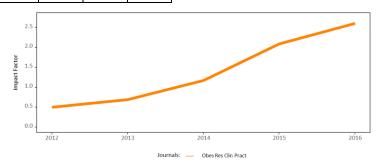
ECO, 2018 Vienna, Austria, 24 May 2018

1. JOURNAL METRICS

Impact Factor

The 2016 Impact Factor for the journal is **2.606**, an impressive 24% increase over the 2015 figure. The journal is ranked 80/138 in the Clarivate (Thomson Reuters) subject category "Endocrinology and Metabolism" and 38/81 within the "Nutrition and Dietetics" category. Note the healthy increase of citations each year.

	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016
IF	0.324	0.506	0.697	1.177	2.094	2.606
Cites	61	103	149	277	472	794
Articles		37	59	68	73	90

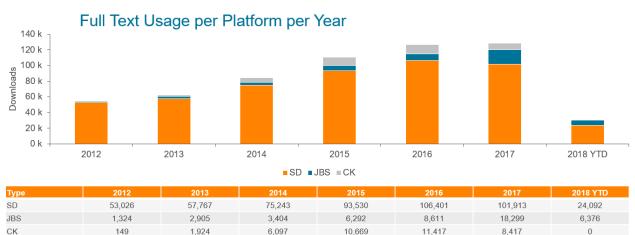


2. JOURNAL USAGE

54,499

62,596

Articles from the journal are downloaded from subscribers in over 85 countries around the world. Growth remains steady – and looking to increase again in 2018. Figures are from March (Science Direct - orange) and JBS (blue). Figures yet to come from Clinical Key.



110,491

128,629

30,468

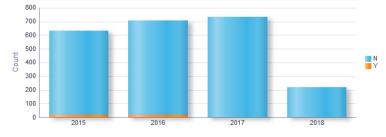
Overview of the most downloaded articles from ScienceDirect in 2017

Paper by S.-P. Hunh et al is the most downloaded paper of 2017 with over 3,000 full text downloads

Downloads	Article Title	Authors	Publication Year	Document Type	Open Access (Y/N)
3,118	Combine body mass index and body fat percentage measures to improve the accuracy of obesity screening in young adults	Hung SP.,Chen CY.,Guo FR.,Chang CI.,Jan CF.	2017	Article	N
1,851	The interface of depression and obesity	Jantaratnotai N., Mosikanon K., Lee Y., McIntyre R.S.	2017	Review	N
1,471	Increased oxidative stress in obesity: Implications for metabolic syndrome, diabetes, hypertension, dyslipidemia, atherosclerosis, and cancer	Matsuda M.,Shimomura I.	2013	Review	N
1,010	Ketogenic diets for weight loss: A review of their principles, safety and efficacy	Sumithran P.,Proietto J.	2008	Review	N
960	The effects of mindfulness training on weight-loss and health-related behaviours in adults with overweight and obesity: A systematic review and meta-analysis	Ruffault A., Czernichow S., Hagger M.S., Ferrand M., Erichot N., Carette C., Boujut E., Flahault C.	2017	Review	N
898	Dance therapy combined with patient education improves quality of life of persons with obesity: A pilot feasibility study for a randomised controlled trial	Allet L.,Muller-Pinget S.,Punt I.,Edelsten C.,Ballif A.,Golay A.,Pataky Z.	2017	Article	N
882	Introduction of the transtheoretical model and organisational development theory in weight management: A narrative review	Wu YK.,Chu NF.	2015	Review	N
877	Relationship of weight status, physical activity and screen time with academic achievement in adolescents	Garcia-Hermoso A.,Marina R.	2017	Article	N
876	Health benefits of conjugated linoleic acid (CLA)	Koba K., Yanagita T.	2014	Review	N
859	School lunch, policy, and environment are determinants for preventing childhood obesity: Evidence from a two-year nationwide prospective study	Liou Y.M.,Yang YL.,Wang TY.,Huang CM.	2015	Article	N

3. PRODUCTION

Submissions (2015-2018): **2015** – 629; **2016** – 705; 2017 – 739; **2018** – 208 (the yellow strip refers to special content eg supplements) . Currently we have 35 papers in the *Article in Press* section waiting to be compiled into an issue. Each issue consists of approx. 12 papers



now 6%

published 2 supplements

backlog and reduce the

<u>Supplements:</u> We have to bring down the

Acceptance rate is

amount of time to publication in an issue.

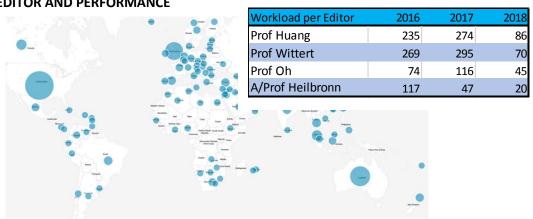
Reviews of Contemporary Issues in Obesity Science, Vol 11, Supplement 1,

Genetic factors and metabolic pathways influencing the pathogenesis, complications and management of obesity, Vol 12, Supplement 1.

Both supplements are indexed in Medline and Clarivate. Papers in the supplements achieve higher citations than the average issue. Supplements also contribute to the Impact Factor.

Another Supplement is scheduled to publish later this year entitled *Regional epidemiology of obesity in Asia, Oceania, and the Pacific*.

4. WORKLOAD PER EDITOR AND PERFORMANCE





Average editorial speeds improved since 2016 taking 2.9 weeks from submission to First decision within 2.3 weeks (was 2.6) and submission to Editorial Outcome within 2.9 weeks (was 3.6).

5. EVISE

All Elsevier journals are moving (or have moved) to a new electronic submission-and peer-review system. EVISE was developed in conjunction with researchers to make their publishing experience easier by providing improved intelligence, communication, connections, ease, clarity and personalisation. It is currently being rolled out to all of Elsevier's journals. Implementation, training and support of the systems are carried out by specialised Elsevier staff, and all elements of the system is tailored to the workflow of ORCP. This new system has been rolled out to ORCP since early this year. Unfortunately, the Editors have to use both EES and EVISE at the moment but the EVISE team is working on reducing the amount of time the Editors and the reviewers spend working within two systems by automatically transferring submissions from EES to EVISE at convenient steps in the editorial process. EVISE is designed to be used for many journals with different workflows and demands, and is therefore customisable. For more information, please refer to https://www.elsevier.com/editors/evise.

6. TOOLS AND SERVICES FOR RESEARCHERS

Mendeley Stats

This unique new online tool gives authors a personalised and accessible and useful overview of the impact of their research. It provides feedback about how their Elsevier publications are being downloaded, shared and cited. It also provides data about where in the world and what disciplines readers are coming from, as well as detailed information about how their publications are being discovered. Citation information for articles not published in Elsevier journals are also available. Special functions include an audience map that pinpoints where readers are coming from, the publication rating tool, search terms used in ScienceDirect to find a publication, and Mendeley social usage data that offers tips for sharing publications with peers.

Share Links

ORCP offers Share Links. This is a customized link which authors receive for their newly-published article on ScienceDirect. The link provides 50 days' free access to their article – after that, the usual access rules apply. Anyone clicking on the Share Link within the 50-day period will be taken directly to the article with no sign up or registration required. Share Links are ideal for sharing articles via email and social media. Find out more about sharing and promoting your article here.

Research Data sharing

Funders, associations, and institutes increasingly require data sharing. There is increased market demand for this to help ensure transparency, reproducibility and accountability. Elsevier has introduced an overall guide for journals in the form of a Research Data policy. We have now defined a new set of options for journal data-sharing policies that allow for full flexibility in implementation across different disciplines and journals. The options are aligned with the data guidelines that are part of the Transparency and Openness Promotion (TOP) guidelines as defined by the Center for Open Science.

For ORCP, we believe that an "encourage but do not mandate" policy is appropriate and this policy has been implemented. This means that authors are encouraged to deposit or link to their data when they submit an article, or make a statement explaining why research data cannot be shared. This could include one of the following reasons:

- No data was used for the research described in the article
- The data that has been used is confidential
- The authors do not have permission to share data

- Data will be made available on request
- The authors are unable or have chosen not to specify which data has been used
- Other (please explain in comments)

Gary Wittert and Brett Huang